Compensating for something? When not having enough prompts consumers to show off Laura Goodyear, MSc in Marketing & Caroline Roux, Supervisor

CONCEPTUAL BACKGROUND

RESOURCE SCARCITY

Consumer often think and talk about not having enough resources.





Resource scarcity, or "not having enough," has been shown to prompt consumers to become more selfish (Roux, Goldsmith, and Bonezzi, 2015)

NARCISSISM

Related to **selfishness** and a decreased regard for others (Campbell and Foster, 2007; Cisek et al., 2008)



Selfies:	
Taking Narc To The Nex Level	

H1: Reminders of resource scarcity will prompt consumers to become more selfish, and consequently more narcissistic

- Narcissists have a higher need for status and admiration from others (Campbell et al., 2002; Campbell and Foster, 2007)
- Prefer products that have a greater symbolic value, such as **Iuxury** products (Lee et al., 2013; Lee and Sidel, 2012; Sedikides et al., 2007)
- Consumers high in need for status can also use "loud" or conspicuous luxury goods for status signaling purposes (Han et al., 2010)

H2: Reminders of resource scarcity will increase consumers' preference for products with more prominent brand logos.

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References

29-45.





STL

Scarcity: List 3 things without... **Neutral:** List 3 things gasoline, sugar, wa

Mediator: Me Versus



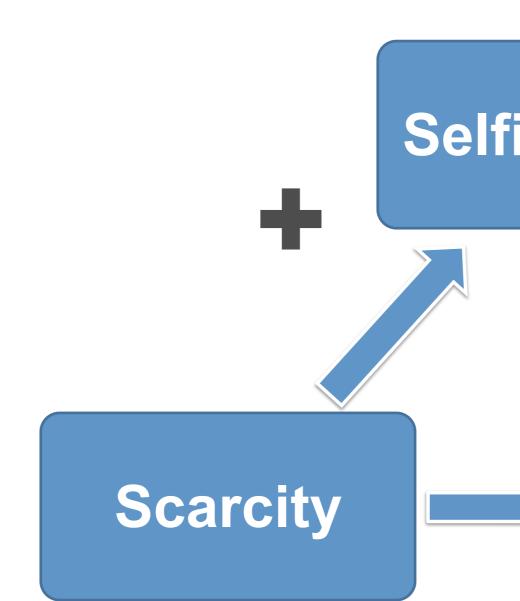
DV: Narcissism subsc

Narcissism

- 1. People see me as
- . I hate being the c
- Many group acti
- I know that I an
- telling me so. I like to get acqui
- 6. I feel embarrasse
- 7. I have been com
- I am an average
- 9. I insist on getting

Results:

Reminders of resou participants to be and consequently



Campbell, W. K., Bonacci, A. M., Shelton, J., Exline, J. J., & Bushman, B. J. (2004). Psychological entitlement: Interpersonal consequences and validation valid

Campbell, W. K., & Foster, J. D. (2007). The narcissistic self: Background, an extended agency model, and ongoing controversies. The self, 115-138. Campbell, W. K., Rudich, E., & Sedikides, C. (2002). Narcissism, self- esteem, and the positivity of self-views: Two portraits of self-love. Personality a Cisek, S. Z., Hart, C. M., & Sedikides, C. (2008). Do narcissists use material possessions as a primary buffer against pain?. Psychological Inquiry, 19(3-4), 205-207 Han, Y. J., Nunes, J. C., & Drèze, X. (2010). Signaling status with luxury goods: The role of brand prominence. Journal of Marketing, 74(4), 15-30. Jones, D. N., & Paulhus, D. L. (2014). Introducing the short dark triad (SD3) a brief measure of dark personality traits. Assessment, 21(1), 28-41. Lee, S. Y., Gregg, A. P., & Park, S. H. (2013). The person in the purchase: narcissistic consumers prefer products that positively distinguish them. Journal of personality and social psychology, 105(2), 335. Lee, S. Y., & Seidle, R. (2012). Narcissists as consumers: The effects of perceived scarcity on processing of product information. Social Behavior and Personality: an international journal, 40(9), 1485-1499. Roux, C., Goldsmith, K., & Bonezzi, A. (2015). On the Psychology of Scarcity: When Reminders of Resource Scarcity Promote Selfish (and Generous) Behavior. Journal of Consumer Research, 42(4), 615-631 Sedikides, C., Gregg, A. P., Cisek, S., & Hart, C. M. (2007). The I that buys: Narcissists as consumers. Journal of Consumer Psychology, 17(4), 25

UDY 1	
s you cannot do	Scarcity: List 3 the Neutral: List 3 the Section 10 to
you can do with ater, wheat, electricity	gasoline, su
(Roux et al. 2015) s Other scale	DV: Preference
(Campbell et al., 2004)	
cale; Short Dark Triad (Jones and Paulhus, 2014)	Results: Reminders o
as a natural leader. center of attention. (R) tivities tend to be dull without me. am special because everyone keeps	participants more promir
uainted with important people. sed if someone compliments me. (R) npared to famous people. e person. (R) ng the respect I deserve.	3.50 <u>8</u> 3.00
ource scarcity prompted	Je 2.50 - 4 2.00 - 4
ecome more selfish , ly more narcissistic (H1) .	to 1.50 Po 1.00
fishness	
	 Consideration consumers to which shift the
Narcissism	products that prominence.
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and Social Psychology Bulletin, 28, 358–368 -4), 205-207.	Consumers w



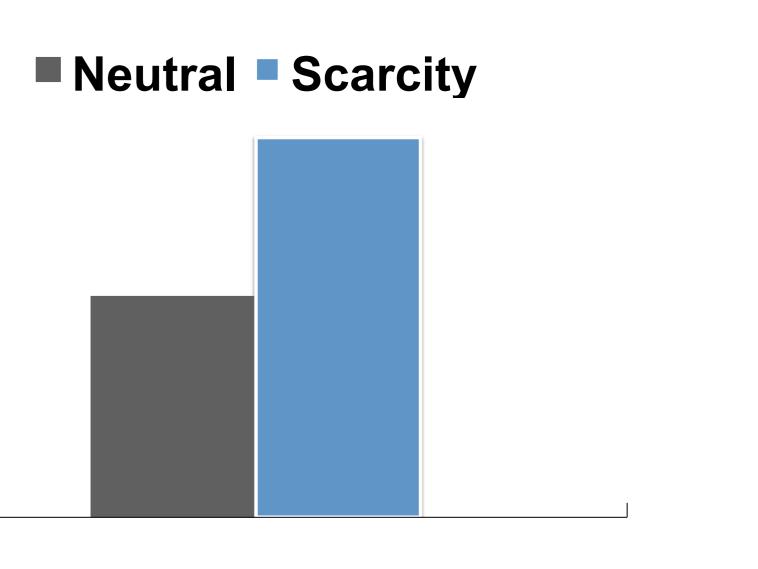
STUDY 2

things you cannot do without... things you can do with... ugar, water, wheat, electricity (Roux et al. 2015)

e for brand prominent products (Han et al., 2010)



of resource scarcity increased ' preference for products with inent brand logos (H2).



TAKEAWAYS

ons of **resource scarcity** prompt o become more narcissistic, heir preferences toward at feature greater brand

conomic downturns, resource r other situations where nay feel like there is not enough, will prefer to purchase products that allow them to signal their status.