

## Hi I'm Mel!

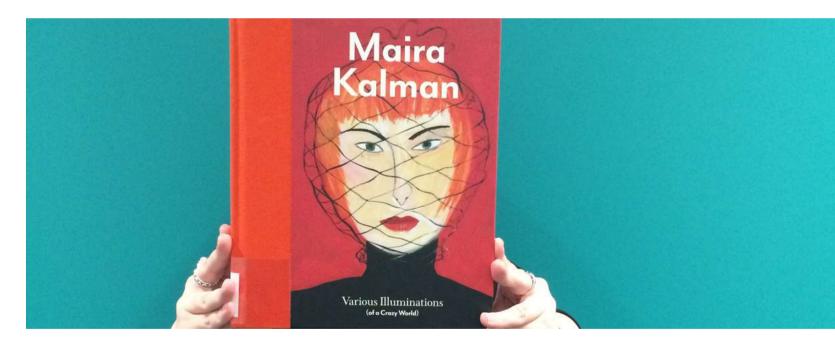


Librarian for Education, Art Education, Creative Arts Therapies and Psychology.

melissa.rivosecchi@concordia.ca

#### I can help with:

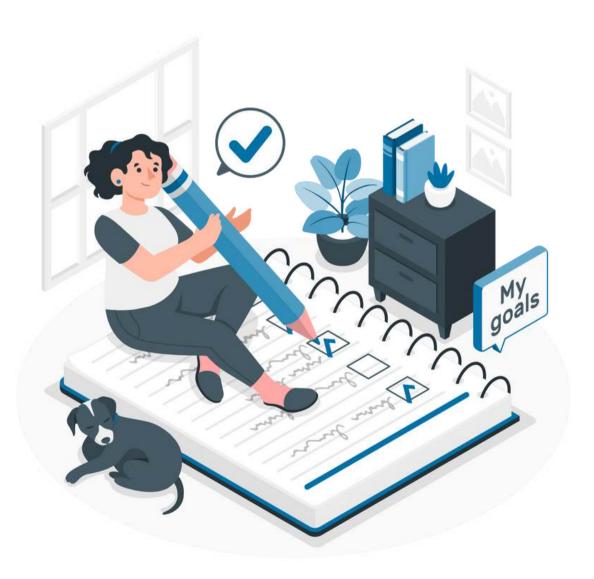
- Accessing library resources
- Developing search strategies
- Finding resources
- APA/Citation management guidance







## IN TODAY'S SESSION, YOU WILL...



**UNDERSTAND THE RESEARCH PROCESS** 

**DEVELOP A RESEARCH QUESTION** 

**IDENTIFY KEY CONCEPTS** 

**DEVELOP A SEARCH STRATEGY** 

**APPLY SEARCH STRATEGY IN A DATABASE** 

**FIND APA CITATION GUIDES** 

**MANAGE CITATIONS WITH ZOTERO** 

## ACADEMIC SUPPORT

We are just one of many places on campus that want to help you on your path to academic success.



#### **MAPPING IT OUT**

Individually, take two minutes right now to draw a diagram or picture of your process for completing the research assignment in this course.

How will you start?
Where will you stop?
What are your steps?

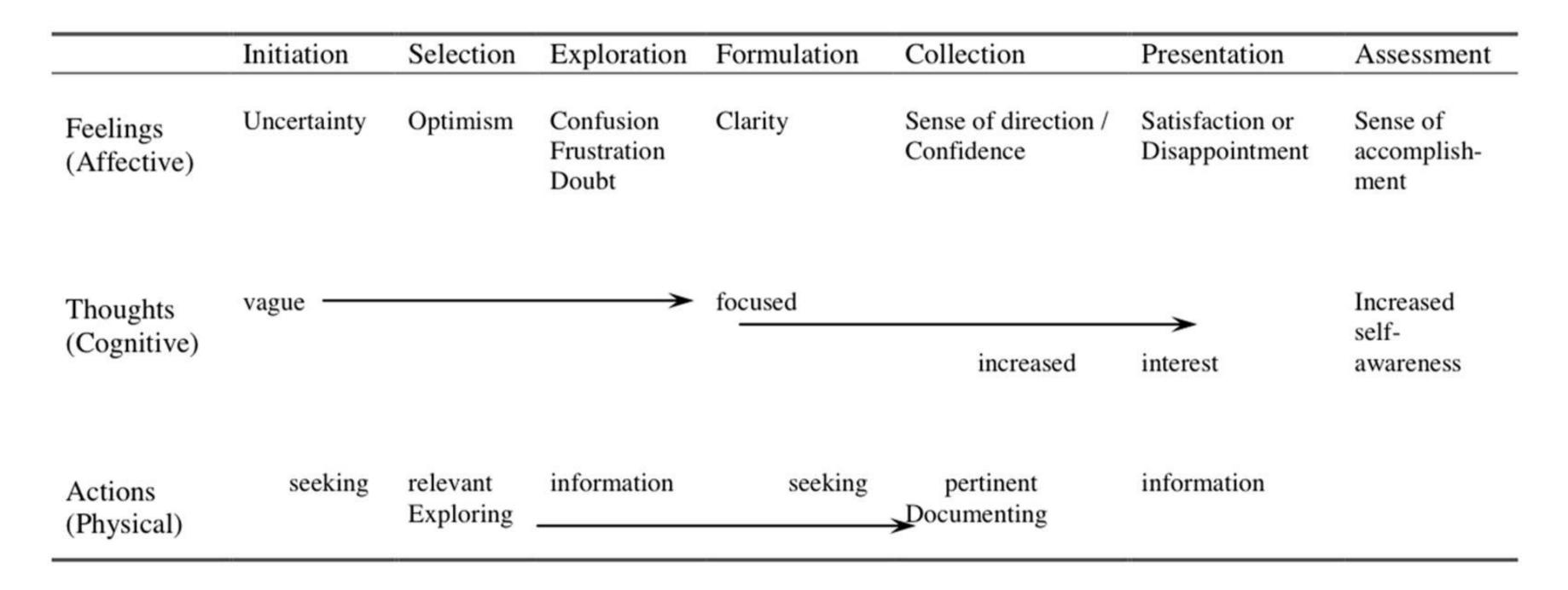


#### The reality is....

Your process might feel messy or chaotic.

Don't worry: clarity will emerge!

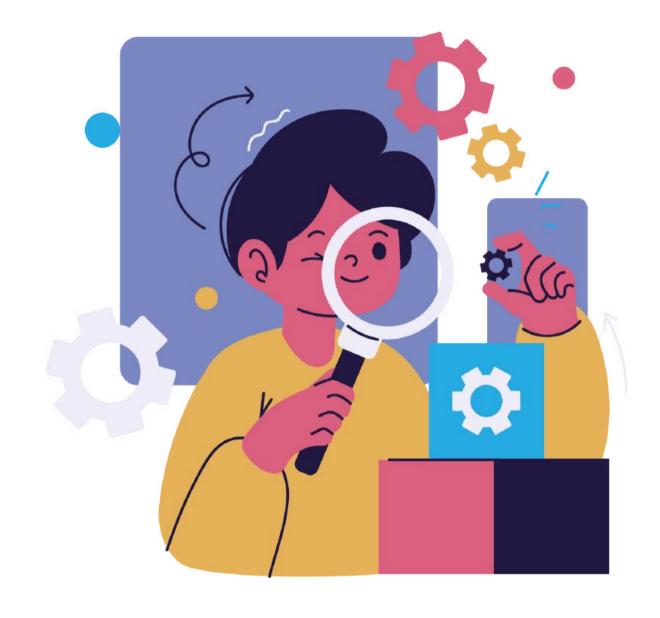
#### Model of the Information Search Process (Kuhlthau, 2004)



Adapted from "Information search process" by C. C. Kuhlthau, 2010, http://wp.comminfo.rutgers.edu/ckuhlthau2/wp-content/uploads/sites/185/2016/01/ELIS-3E.pdf

#### THE RESEARCH PROCESS





Developing a research question and search strategy

## Developing a research question



#### **QUESTION FRAMEWORK**

A framework can help you structure your research question and identify the focus of your review, for example:

- PICO: Population, Intervention, Comparison,
   Outcome
- PEO: Patient/Population/Problem, Exposure,
   Outcomes
- **SPIDER**: Sample, Phenomenon of interest, Design, Evaluation, Research type

#### **SYSTEMATIC REVIEWS GUIDE**

This guide is designed to provide you with the information and tools you need to plan and carry out a systematic review or other knowledge synthesis project.



Getting started

Review types and definitions, planning your project, methodology resources



Searching

Databases, advanced search techniques, testing searches, filters/HEDGES, grey literature, search logs and reporting



Managing & reporting

Exporting and managing:
software, quality assessment
and meta-analysis, writing
your Methods section &
PRISMA

#### **EXPLAINING YOUR RESEARCH IDEAS**

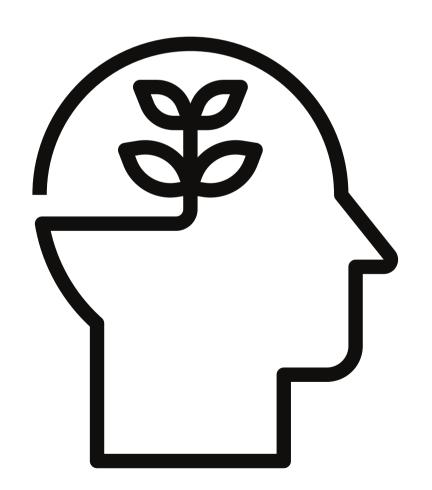
- 1. Form groups of two people.
- 2. Person A will have 2 minutes to explain their research topic or idea.
- 3.On a piece of paper (or Word/Google doc), Person B will jot down 5 main words they hear.
- 4. After 2 minutes, switch roles.
- 5. Trade papers (or docs)!

#### How did that go?

Was your classmate able to understand the main ideas of your topic? Was there anything missing?

### RESEARCH QUESTION

How effective is experiential learning in promoting skill development and problem-solving abilities in adult learners?



#### **KEY CONCEPTS**

How effective is experiential learning in promoting skill development and problem-solving abilities in adult learners?



Key concept	<b>Key concept</b>	<b>Key concept</b>
experiential learning	skill development, problem solving	adult learners

**Key concept Key concept Key concept** experiential skill development, adult learners learning problem solving Experiential education problem-based learning Hands-on learning

**Key concept Key concept Key concept** experiential skill development, adult learners learning problem solving Experiential skill acquisition education problem-based critical thinking learning Hands-on learning decision making

**Key concept Key concept Key concept** experiential skill development, adult learners **learning** problem solving Experiential lifelong learners skill acquisition education adult education problem-based critical thinking learning students Hands-on learning decision making mature students

#### ANDs & ORs

**Key concept Key concept Key concept** AND skill development, AND experiential adult learners learning problem solving OR OR OR Experiential skill acquisition lifelong learners education OR OR OR adult education problem-based critical thinking learning students OR OR OR Hands-on learning decision making mature students

#### ANDs & ORs

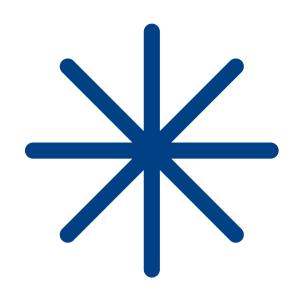
**Key concept Key concept Key concept** AND AND skill development, experiential adult learners learning problem solving **Combines concepts** OR OR OR Experiential skill acquisition lifelong learners education OR OR OR problem-based adult education critical thinking learning students OR OR OR Hands-on learning decision making mature students

**AND** 

OR

"OR" give you

"MORE"!



#### Asterisk

When placed near the end of a word finds variants. Can also be used for spelling variants.

Example: learn\* = learning, learner, learners, learned

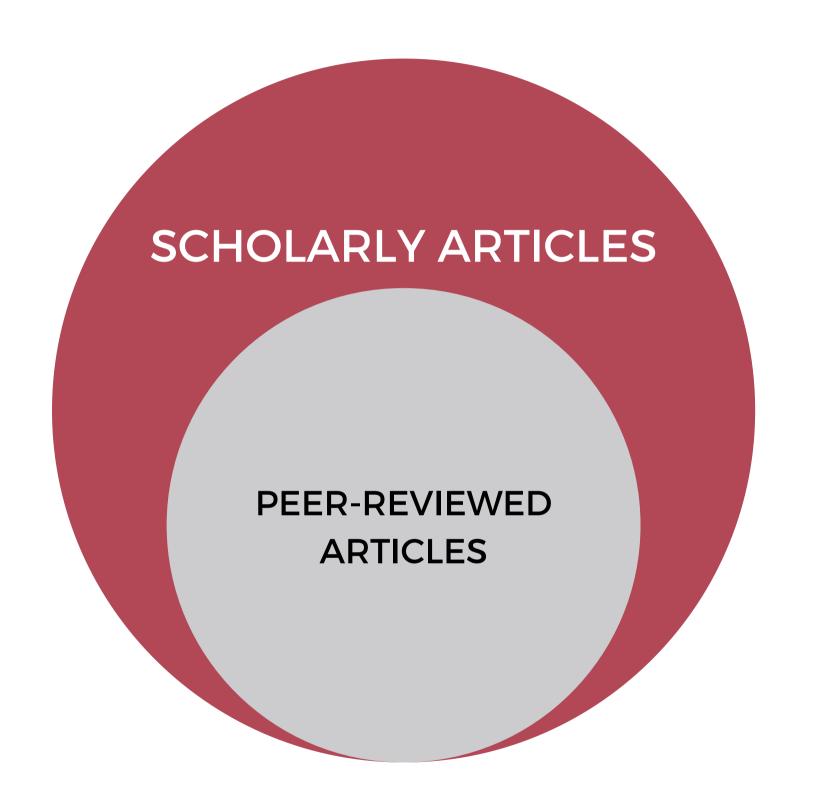




## Quotation marks

Using quotation marks ensures that results retrieved contain only the exact phrase.

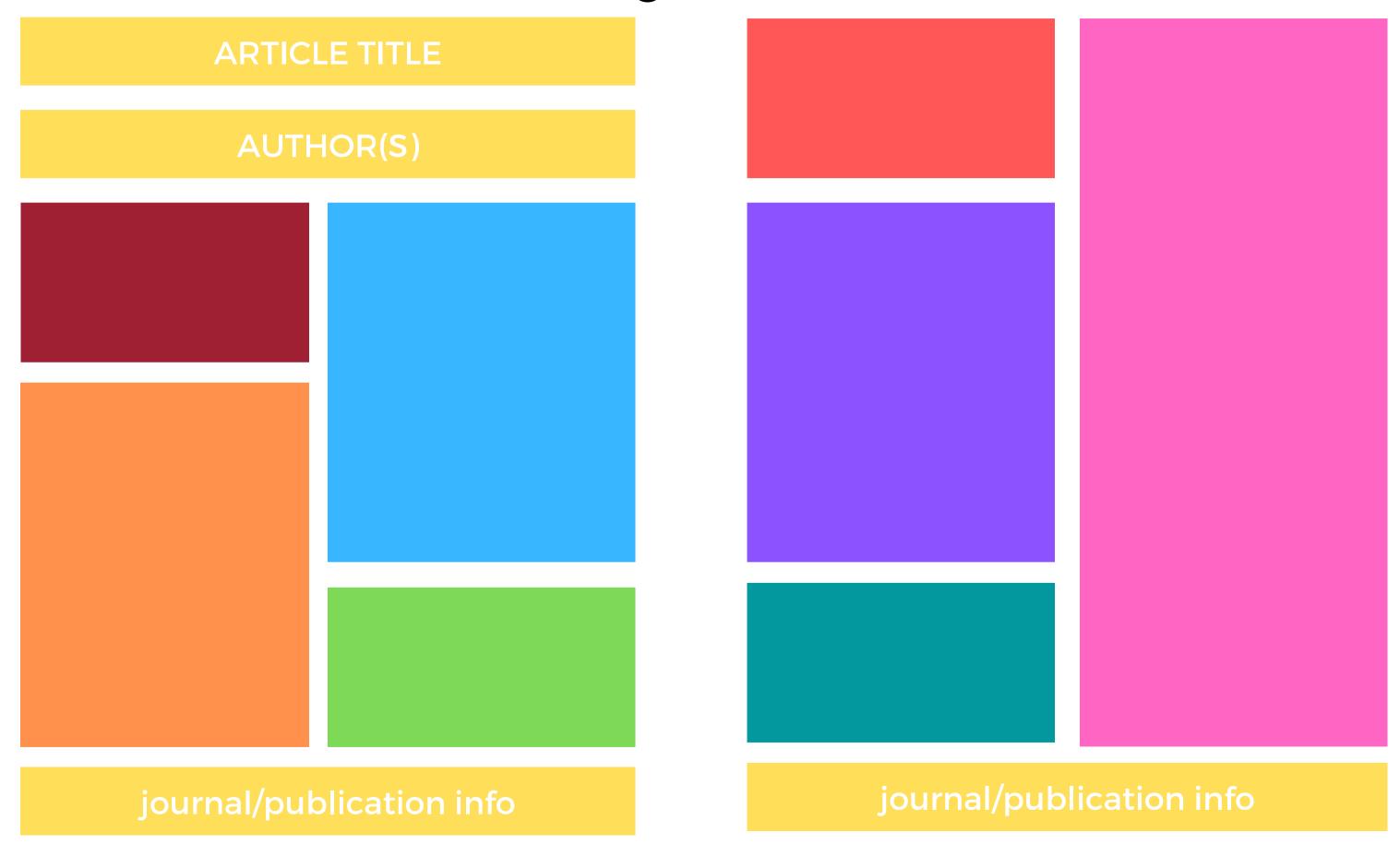
Example: "college students", "mental health"

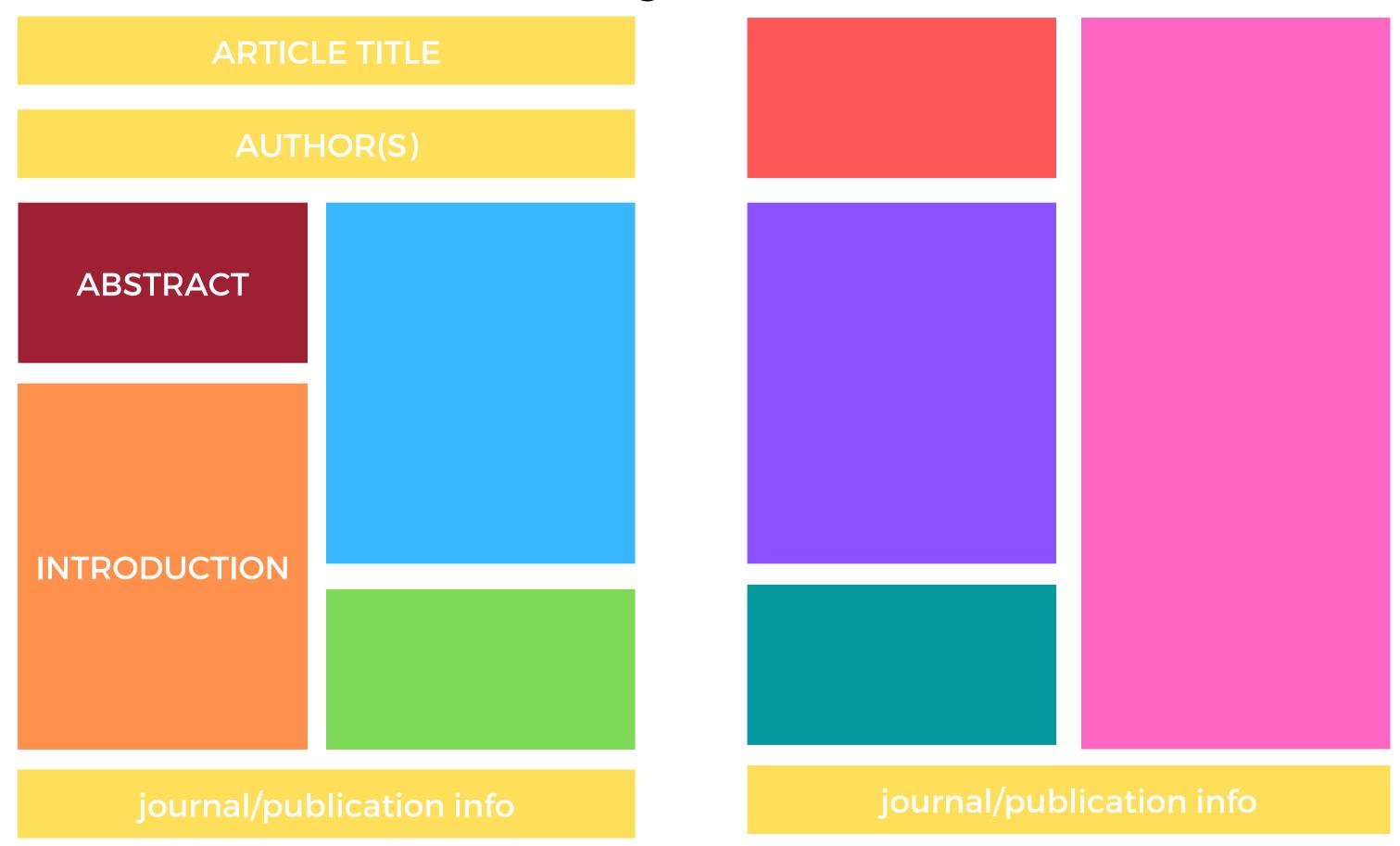


# Scholarly vs. Peer-reviewed articles

- Scholarly articles refer to academic articles
- Peer-review (aka "Refereed")
   articles are a subset of scholarly articles







**ARTICLE TITLE** AUTHOR(S) **ABSTRACT** LITERATURE **REVIEW INTRODUCTION** journal/publication info journal/publication info

**ARTICLE TITLE RESULTS** AUTHOR(S) **ABSTRACT** LITERATURE **DISCUSSION REVIEW INTRODUCTION** METHODOLOGY journal/publication info journal/publication info

ARTICLE TITLE

AUTHOR(S)

**ABSTRACT** 

**INTRODUCTION** 

METHODOLOGY

LITERATURE

**REVIEW** 

journal/publication info

**RESULTS** 

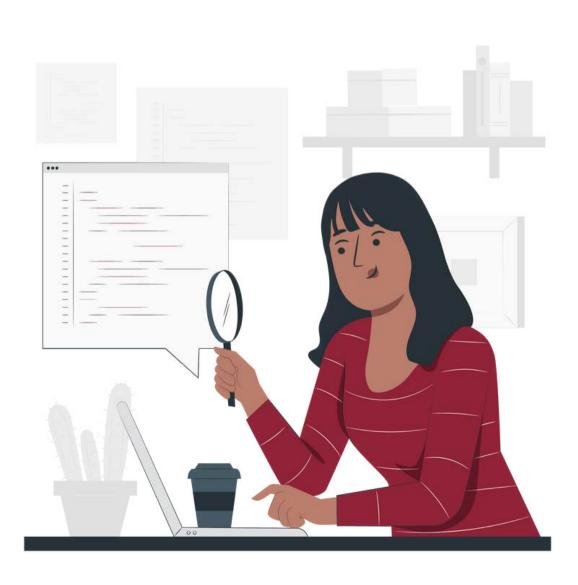
**DISCUSSION** 

CONCLUSION

journal/publication info

BIBLIOGRAPHY

## **EVALUATING ARTICLES**



**AUTHORITY/AUTHORSHIP** 

**CURRENCY/TIMELINESS** 

COVERAGE/RELEVANCE

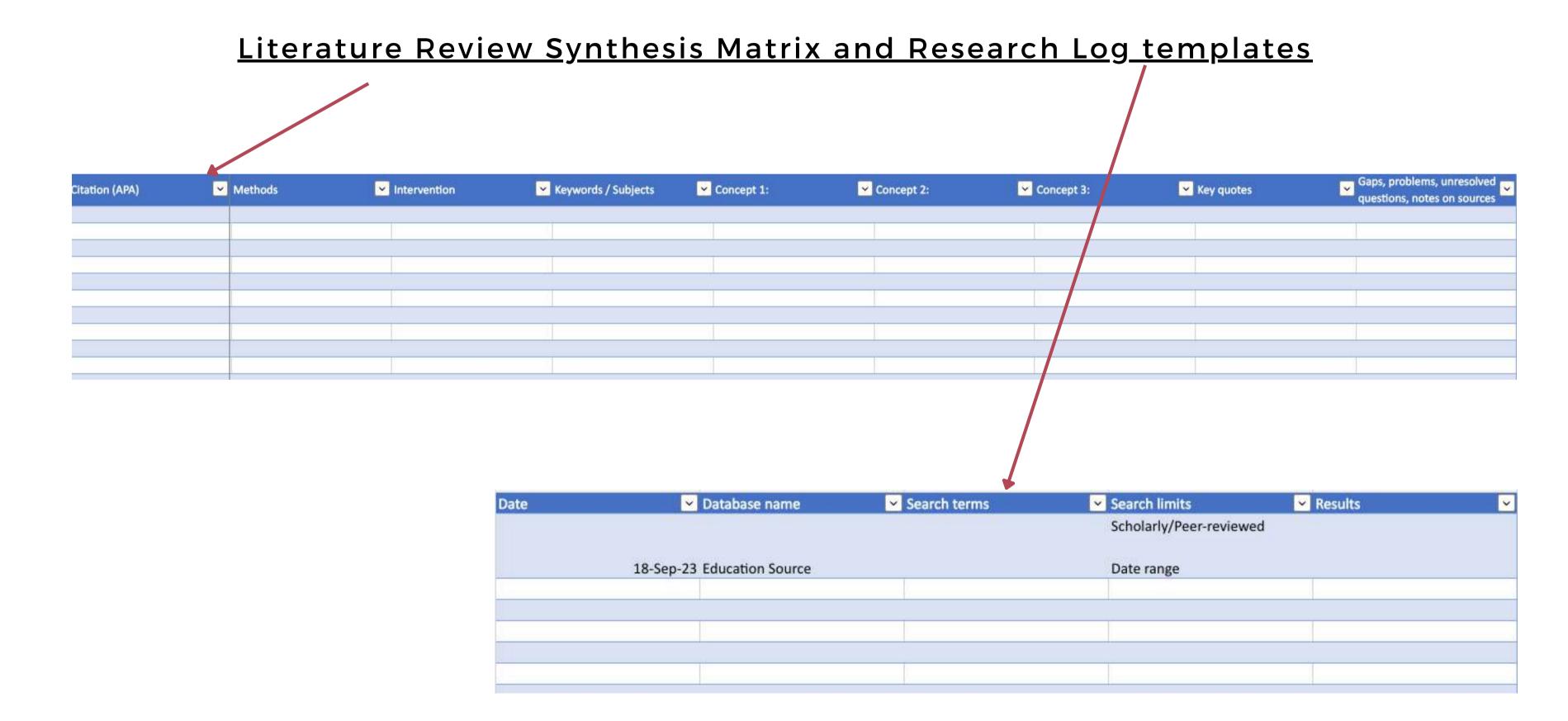
PURPOSE/AUDIENCE

OBJECTIVITY/THOROUGHNESS

ACCURACY/DOCUMENTATION

Concordia Library guide on "How to evaluate articles"

#### HOW DO I KEEP TRACK OF ALL THIS INFORMATION?



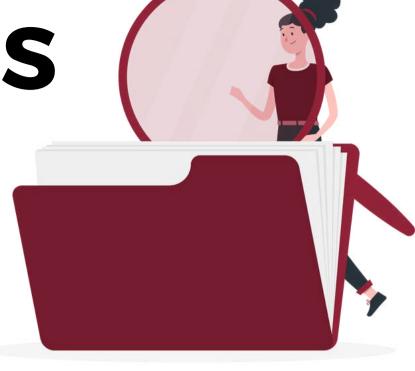




## SUBJECT GUIDES

- Education subject guide
- <u>Applied linguistics/TESL subject guide</u>

## EDUCATION DATABASES



#### **ERIC**

Covers over 1,100 current journals, most of which are peer reviewed; also includes conference papers, research reports, and other grey literature (ERIC Documents).

#### **EDUCATION SOURCE**

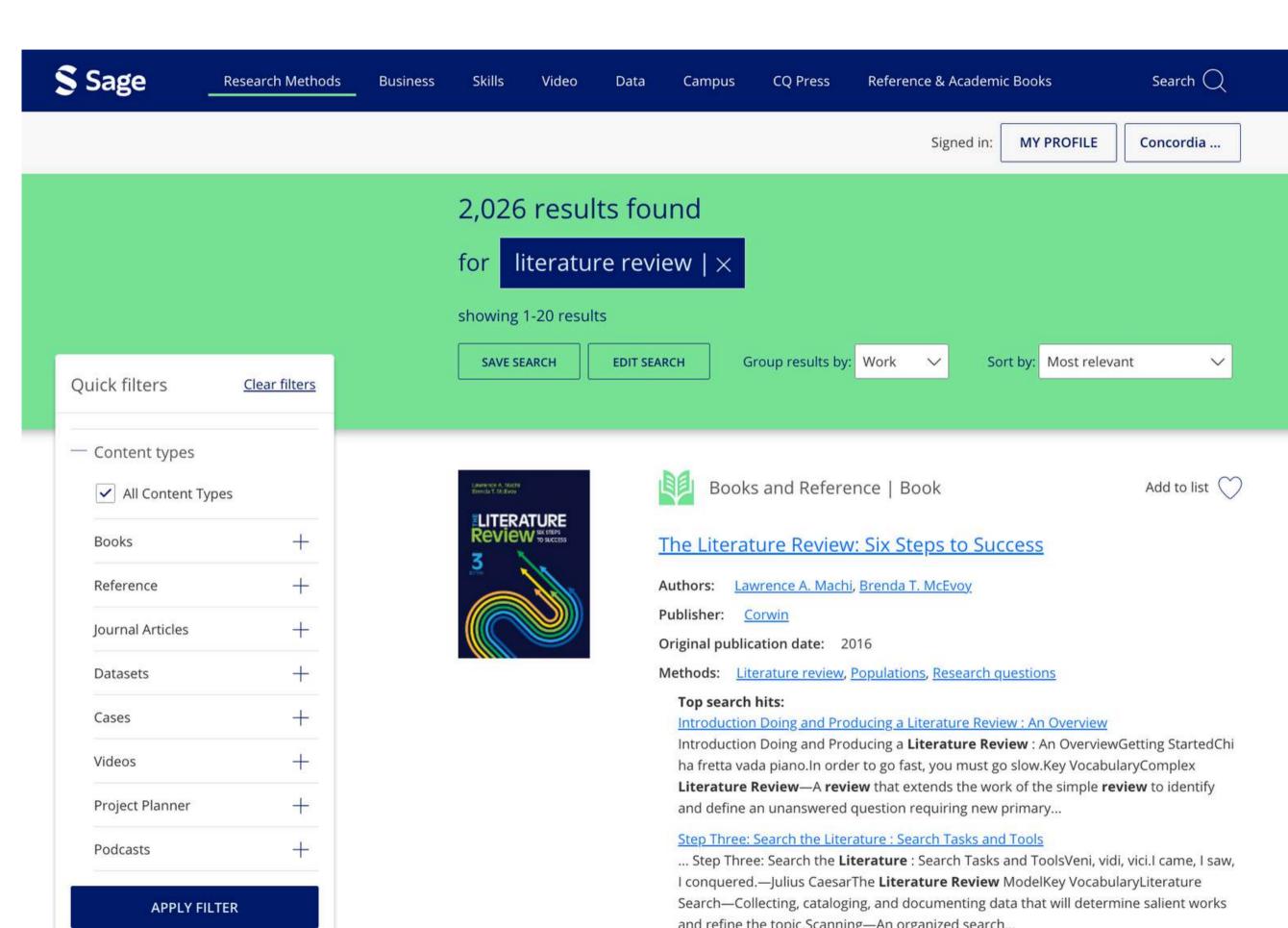
Includes thousands of scholarly and professional journals covering all areas of Education.

<u>SAGE Research Methods Online</u> contains encyclopedias, dictionaries, books, journal articles and videos dealing with research methods in both theoretical and practical terms.

#### SAGE RESEARCH METHODS ONLINE

The Literature Review: Six
Steps to Success

<u>Reviewing the Literature</u> (<u>Project planner</u>)



#### RESOURCES FOR WRITING LIT REVIEWS

The literature review: six steps to success (book)

How to write a literature review (guide)

Writing a literature review | GRTR37



## **TYPES OF REVIEWS**

A typology of reviews: An analysis of 14 review types and associated methodologies (Grant and booth, 2009)

DOI: 10.1111/j.1471-1842.2009.00848.x

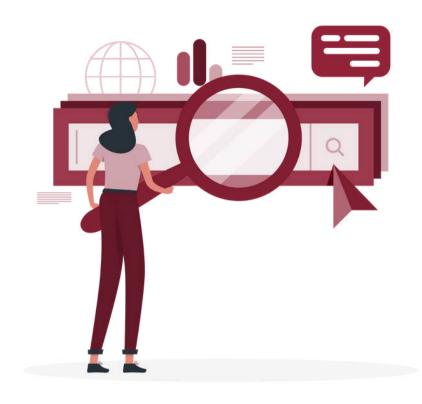
#### Review Article

## A typology of reviews: an analysis of 14 review types and associated methodologies

Maria J. Grant\* & Andrew Booth†, \*Salford Centre for Nursing, Midwifery and Collaborative Research (SCNMCR), University of Salford, Salford, UK, †School of Health and Related Research (ScHARR), University of Sheffield, Sheffield, UK

Table 1 Main review types characterized by methods used

		Methods used (SALSA)			
Label	Description	Search	Appraisal	Synthesis	Analysis
Critical review	Aims to demonstrate writer has extensively researched literature and critically evaluated its quality. Goes beyond mere description to include degree of analysis and conceptual innovation. Typically results in hypothesis or model		No formal quality assessment. Attempts to evaluate according to contribution	Typically narrative, perhaps conceptual or chronological	Significant component: seeks to identify conceptual contribution to embody existing or derive new theory
Literature review	Generic term: published materials that provide examination of recent or current literature.  Can cover wide range of subjects at various levels of completeness and comprehensiveness.  May include research findings	May or may not include comprehensive searching	May or may not include quality assessment	Typically narrative	Analysis may be chronological, conceptual, thematic, etc.



# ELECTRONIC RESOURCES

#### **DATABASES BY SUBJECT**

Browse databases by subject or search for a specific database

### **E-JOURNALS**

Search by journal publication title

## **EDUCATION SOURCE: SEARCH DEMO**

"experiential learning" OR "experiential education" OR "problembased learning" OR "hands-on learning"

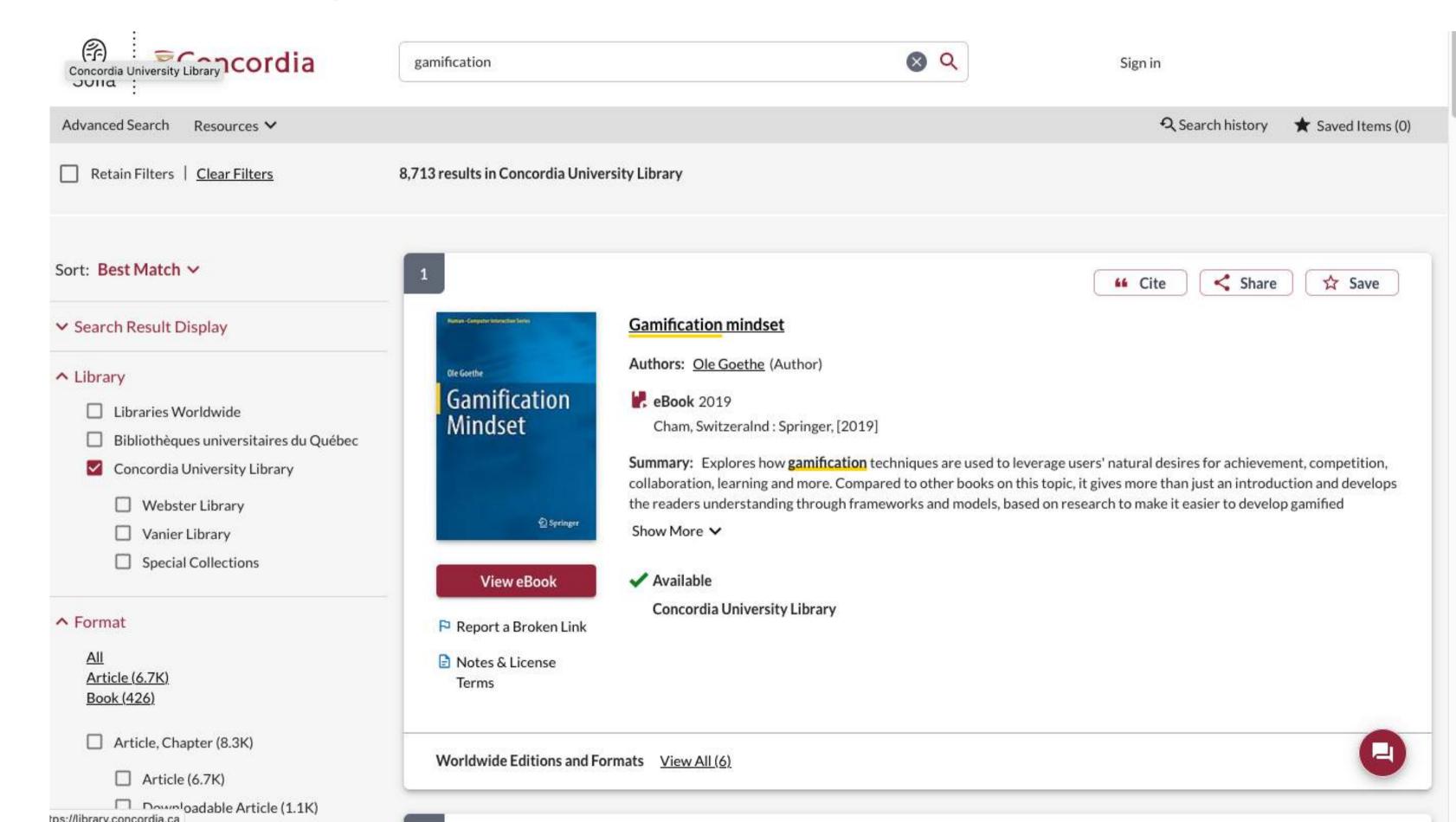
#### AND

"problem-solving" OR "skill acquisition" OR "critical thinking" OR "decision making"

#### AND

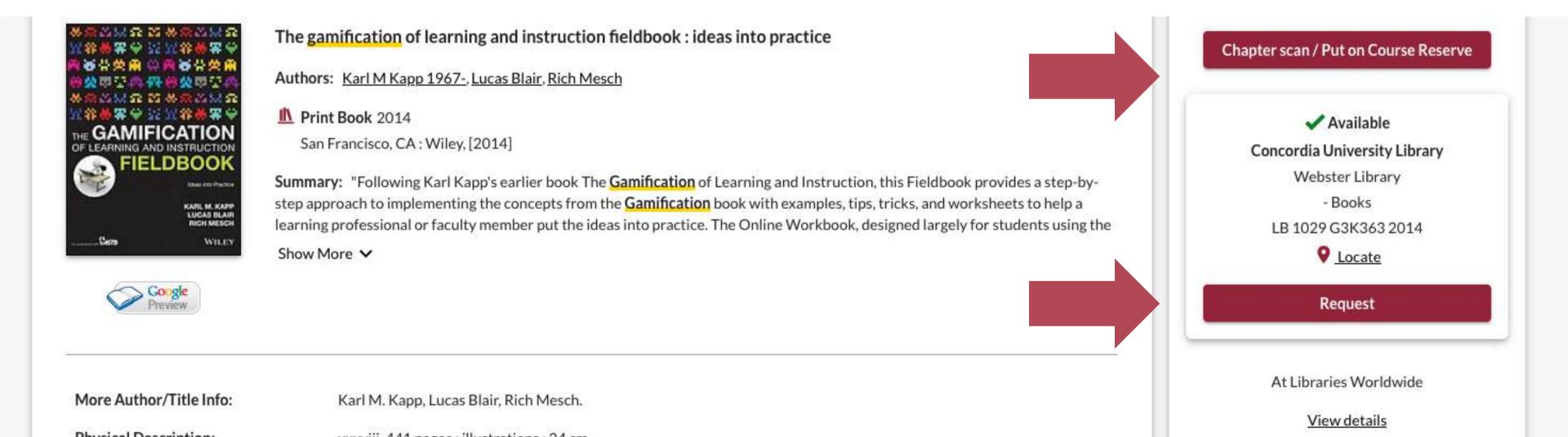
"adult learner" OR "lifelong learner" OR "adult education student" OR "mature student"

# Sofia discovery tool



# Requests, Interlibrary Loans (ILL/), and Scan & Deliver

For more detailed explanations of how to place requests for books, articles, and chapters, please visit the <u>Sofia user guide</u>.



## BIBLIOMETRICS AND RESEARCH IMPACT GUIDE

## Bibliometrics and research impact guide

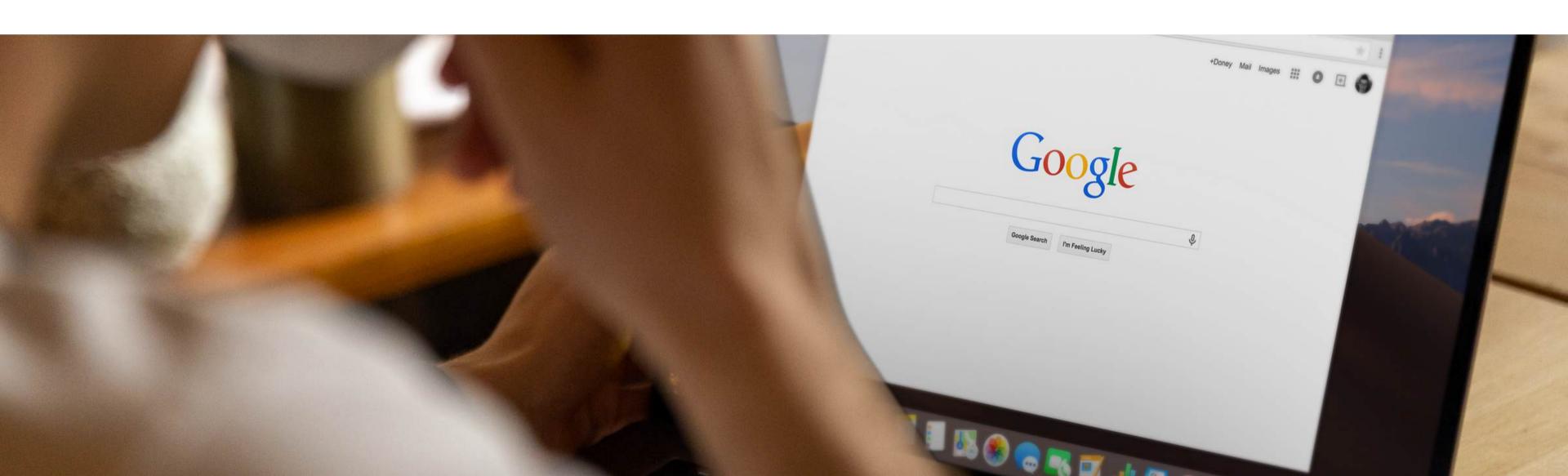
This guide provides information on bibliometric indicators and an understanding of the tools available to assist in their determination.

Researcher identifiers and profiles	Bibliometric indicators	Major citation databases
Journal level metrics	Alternative metrics	Research data metrics
Strategies for increasing impact		

# GOOGLE SCHOLAR

Visit our guide to <u>Set up Google Scholar to find library resources.</u>

Google vs. Google Scholar vs. Library databases (Newcastle University)

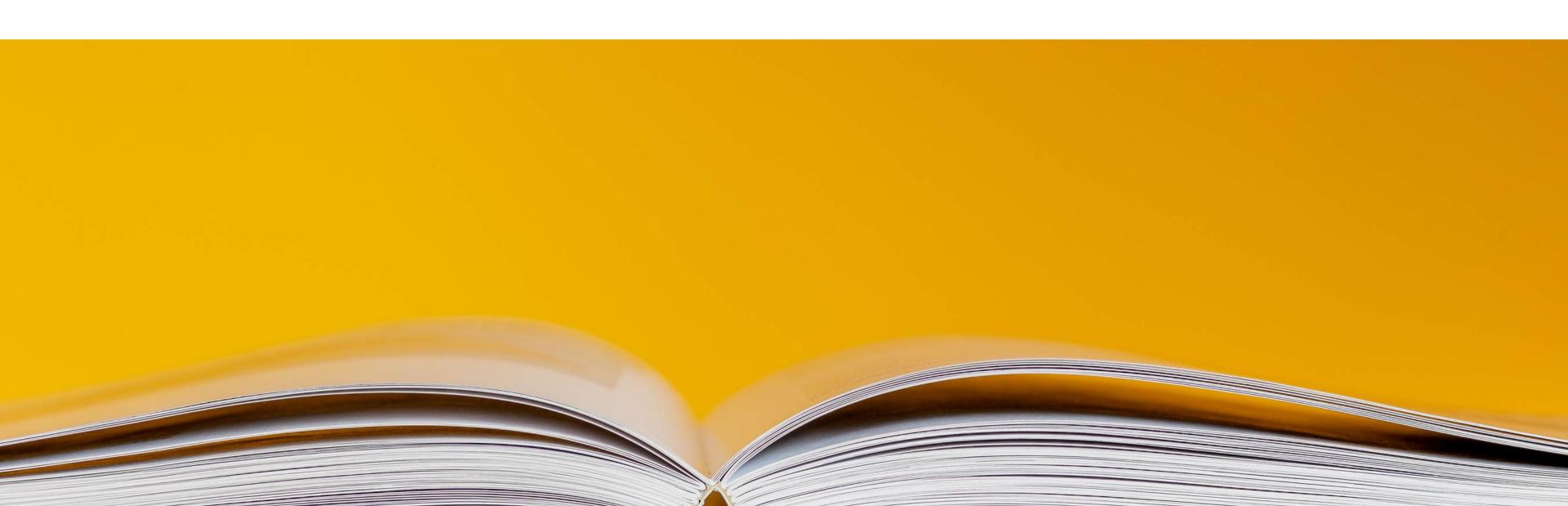


## **APA CITATION GUIDES**

APA GUIDE (CONCORDIA LIBRARY)

**APA OWL PURDUE** 

THE OFFICIAL GUIDE TO APA STYLE



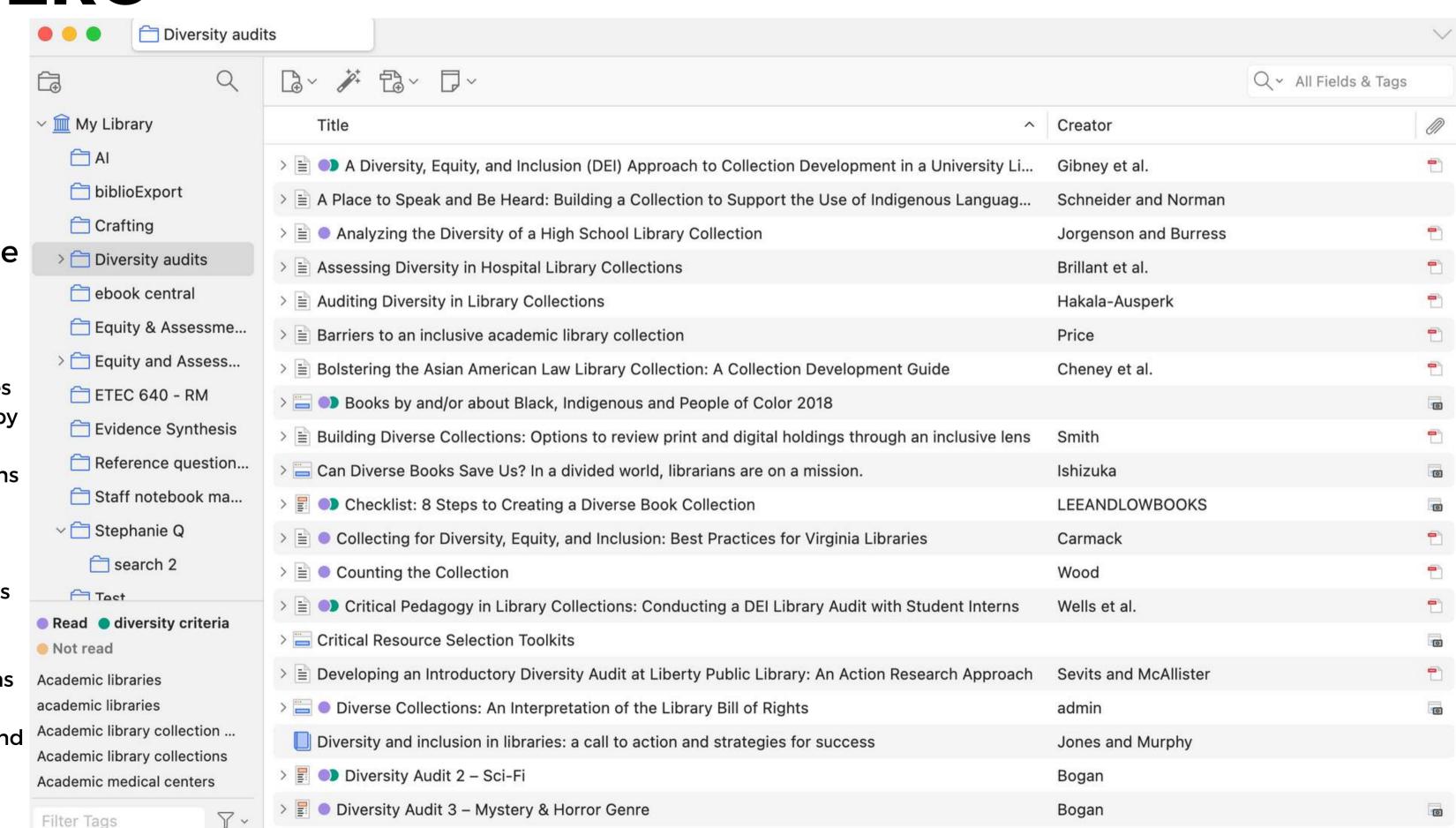
# Why cite?

- Helps you avoid plagiarism by acknowledging sources
- Provides enough details for the reader to track down the original source
- Adds credibility to your statements, opinions and ideas
- Demonstrates the breadth and depth of the research you have done

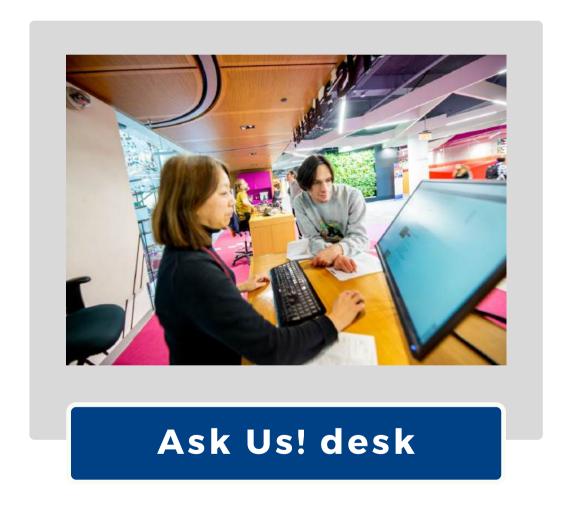
## **ZOTERO**

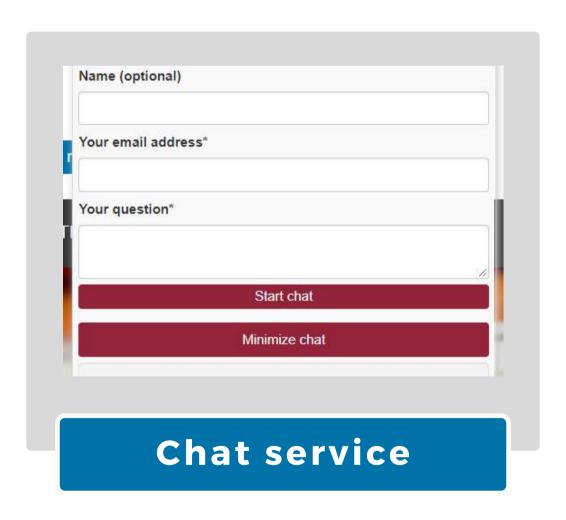
## Zotero guide

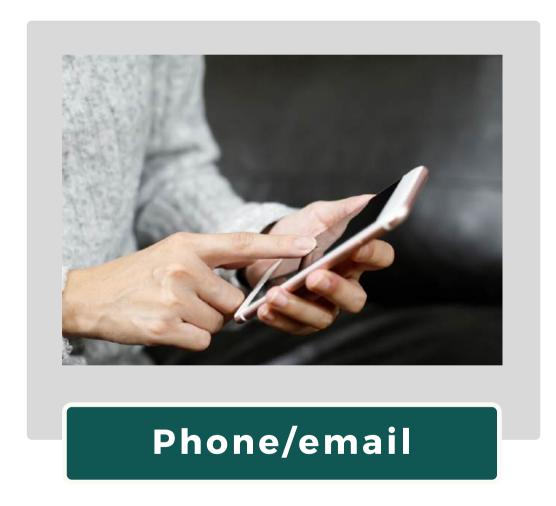
- Save and organize all your resources in one place by creating tags and collections
- Cite your sources
- Create bibliographies
- Zotero connector
- Install plug-ins for Word, LibreOffice, and Google Docs



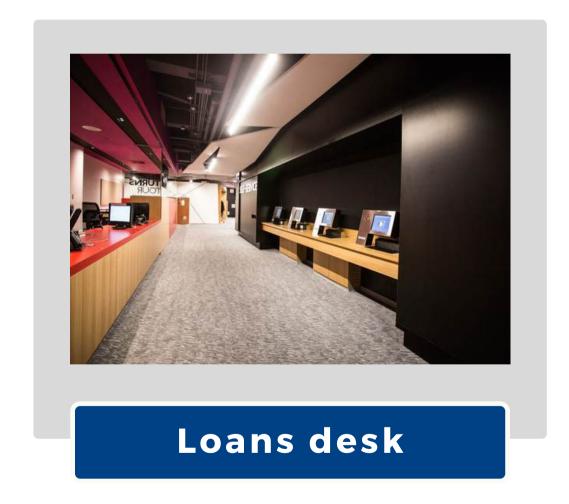
# ASK US! SERVICE

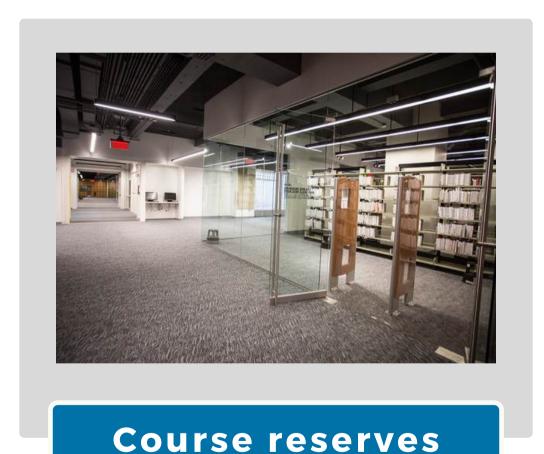


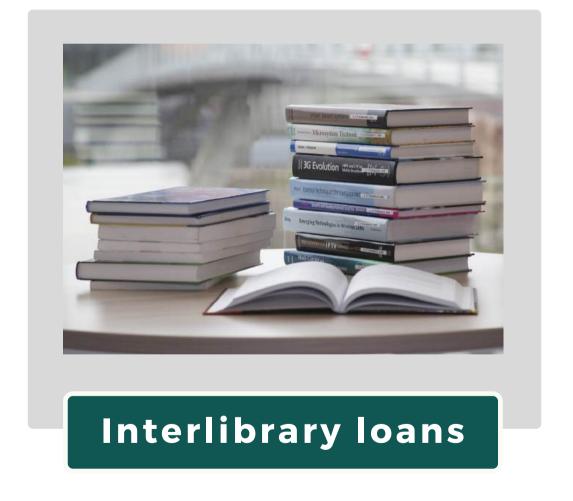




## LOANS AND COURSE RESERVES

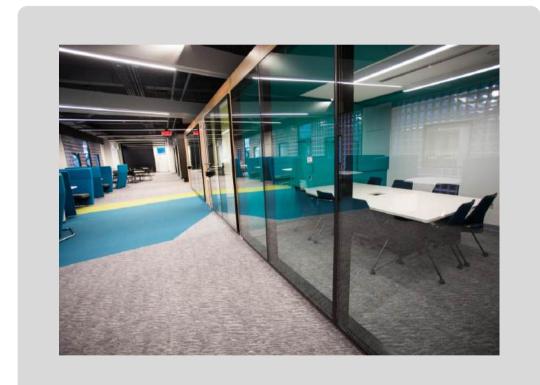








# WEBSTER LIBRARY



<u>Group study rooms</u> <u>(bookable)</u>



Collaborative zones



Print workstations

## GRADUATE STUDY SPACES

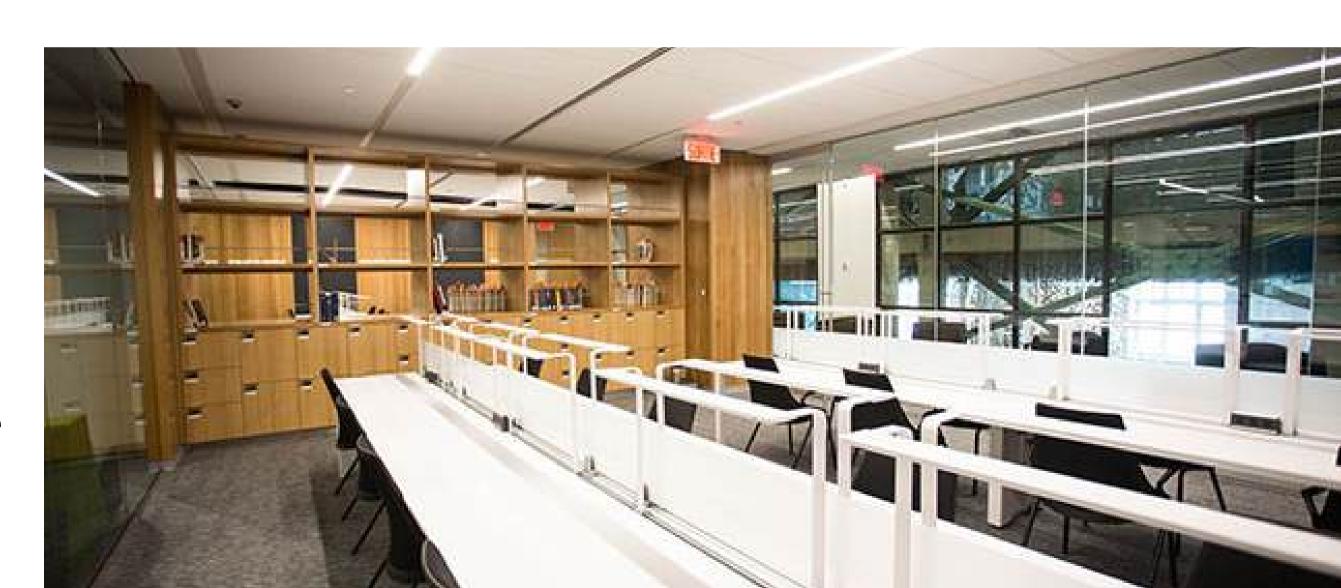
#### **Dissertation Writers' Rooms**

- LB-561 "Iceland"
- LB-562 "Venezuela"
- LB-564 "Mali"

#### **Reading Room**

• LB-545 "Spain"

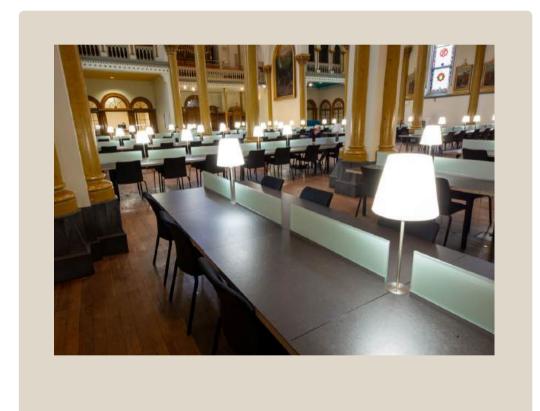
For more information, visit the <u>Graduate study spaces guide</u>.



# **GREY NUNS**

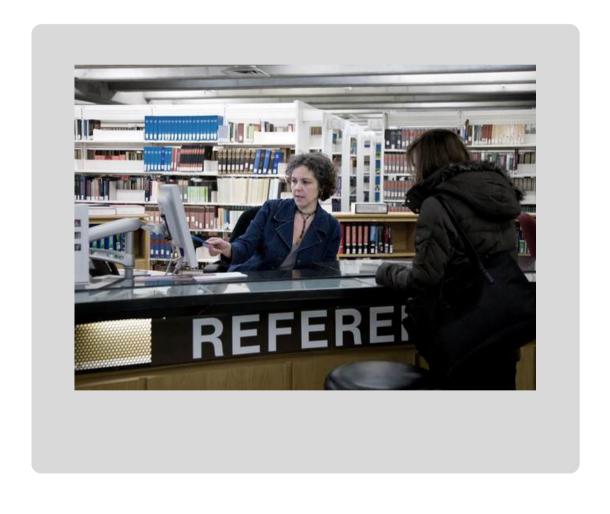




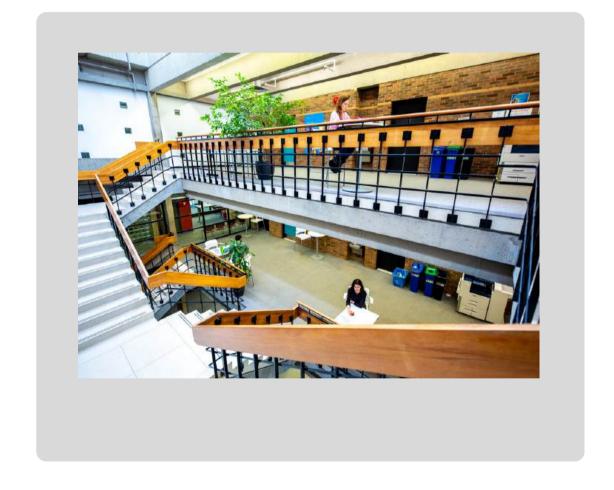


Bookable <u>Group study rooms</u> available

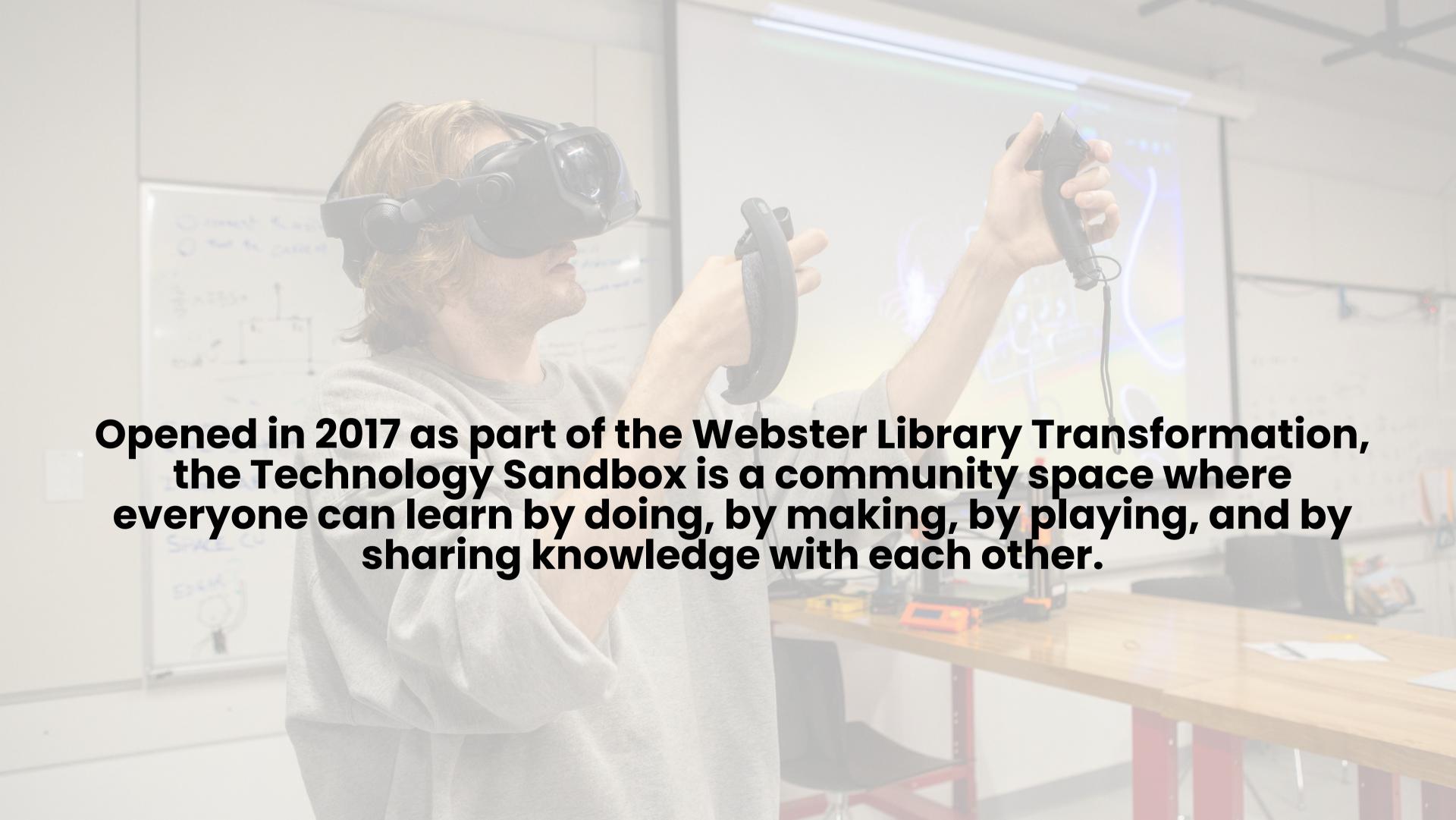
# VANIER LIBRARY

















# WORKSHOPS

Visit our <u>library events page</u> to check out our general workshops and technology sandbox workshops!

Thinking Critically about Al Tools

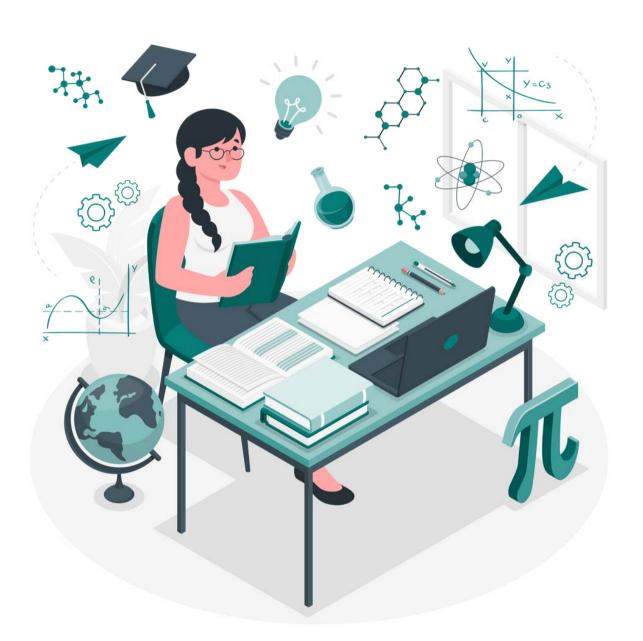
Arduino 101

Using Zotero

Notebook making

Researching Indigenous topics

Zine making



## **WRITING ASSISTANCE**

Every Tuesday 11-2 LB-2 (near Ask Us desk) Webster Library

## **CITATION HELP DROP-IN**

Need a quick overview of how to cite your sources? Confused by the intricacies of APA, MLA, or Chicago style? Have a specific question about how to cite a source? Drop in any time during the hour to get expert advice from a librarian.





## MELISSA. RIVOSECCHI@CONCORDIA.CA

Contact me for research help and/or to set up an appointment (via Zoom or in person)!

or visit the Ask Us desk!